



The Effect Of Giving Torbangun Leaves (*Coleus Amboinicus Lour*) On Increasing Breast Milk Production

Muliatal Jannah¹, Arum Meiranny, Nicky Febriani Putri Nurzaen

¹Program Sarjana dan Pendidikan Profesi Bidan Fakultas Kedokteran
Universitas Islam Sultan Agung
Jl. Kaligawe Raya No.KM. 4 Semarang 50112 Indonesia
Email : nickynurzaen@gmail.com

Abstract

Breast milk is the best natural nutrition for babies because it contains the energy and substance needs needed for the first six months of a baby's life. Breast milk contains a lot of substances on children's survival, growth and development. Despite the many benefits of breastfeeding, the coverage of exclusive breastfeeding is still low. One of the most common factors associated with the failure to practice exclusive breastfeeding is the breast milk has not come out in the first week after delivery and the mother's view that her milk production is not sufficient. Breast milk production is influenced by two hormones, namely prolactin and oxytocin, also lactogagum in food which can increase milk production. Therefore, the leaves are suitable for increasing milk production because they contain lactogagum. To examine the effect of giving torbangun leaves on increasing breast milk production. Literature from within the country and abroad can be traced through electronic media with keyword guidance. There are 4 selected articles, each representing an effect of torbangun leaves (*Coleus amboinicus Lour*) on increasing breast milk production and providing varied information. There was an increase in the production of breastmilk in the giving of torbangun leaves to the respondents with the same treatment. Based on the analysis that has been done, the use of torbangun leaves is effective to increase milk production.

Keywords: production, breastmilk, torbangun leaves

REFERENCES

1. Ariescha, P. A. Y., & Tryaningsih, U. (2019). Pengaruh Pemberian Daun Bangun – Bangun (*Coleus Amboinicus Lour*) Terhadap Produksi Asi. *Jurnal Kebidanan Kestra (Jkk)*, 1(2), 23–28. <https://doi.org/10.35451/jkk.v1i2.129>
2. Betty Mangkuji, Yusniar Siregar, B. L. (2018). Pengaruh Seduhan Teh Daun Bangun-Bangun Terhadap Produksi ASI Di Desa Selayang Wilayah Kerja Puskesmas Selesai Kecamatan Selesai Kabupaten Langkat Tahun 2018. *Jurnal Ilmiah PANNMED*, Vol. 13 No, 17–19.
3. Insani, D. S., Manullang, D. N., & Marlina, S. (2018). Pengaruh Pemberian Daun Bangun-
Bangun (Coleus Ambonicus Lour.) Terhadap Peningkatan Produksi ASI di Poliklinik Emplasmen Bukit Lima Kec. Bosar Maligas Kab. Simalungun Tahun 2018.
4. Iwansyah, A. C., Damanik, M. R. M., Kustiyah, L., & Hanafi, M. (2017). Potensi Fraksi Etil Asetat Daun Torbangun (*Coleus amboinicus L.*) dalam Meningkatkan Produksi Susu, Bobot Badan Tikus, dan Anak Tikus. *Jurnal Gizi Dan Pangan*, 12(1), 61–68. <https://doi.org/10.25182/jgp.2017.12.1.61-68>
5. Syarief, H., Damanik, R. M., Sinaga, T., & Doloksaribu, T. H. (2014). Pemanfaatan Daun Bangun-Bangun Dalam Pengembangan Produk Makanan Tambahan Fungsional

- Untuk Ibu Menyusui. *Jurnal Ilmu Pertanian Indonesia*, 19(1), 38–42.
6. Kementerian Kesehatan RI. (2014). *Profil Kesehatan Indonesia Tahun 2014*.
7. Yuliarti. (2010). *Keajaiban ASI: Makanan Terbaik untuk Kesehatan, Kecerdasan dan Kelincahan Si Kecil*. Andi Offset.